Analyze and apply expressions and equations (1.1/1.2/1.3)

CCSS	4 – Mastery	3 – Proficient	2 - Basic	1 – Below Basic	0 – No Evidence
Interpret expressions and equations (A.SSE.1*)	Can extend thinking beyond the standard, including tasks that may involve one of the following:	Interpret individual <u>and</u> <u>groups</u> of parts of an expression (such as variables, coefficients, factors, etc.) in terms of a given context	Identify groups in an expression and Interpret individual parts of an expression (such as variables, coefficients, factors, etc.) in terms of a given context	Identify individual parts of an expression (such as variables, coefficients, factors, etc.)	Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve the problem Does not meet the criteria in a level 1
Create expressions and equations (A.CED.1*)	<ul> <li>Designing</li> <li>Connecting</li> <li>Synthesizing</li> <li>Applying</li> <li>Justifying</li> <li>Critiquing</li> <li>Analyzing</li> <li>Creating</li> <li>Proving</li> </ul>	Create linear equations with one variable and use them in a contextual situation and solve problems.	<u>Create</u> linear equations with one variable and use them in a contextual situation	Identify linear equations with one variable to represent a contextual situation	

A.SSE.1\* Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.

- a. Interpret parts of an expression, such as terms, factors, and coefficients.
- b. Interpret complicated expressions by viewing one or more of their parts as a single entity.

A.CED.1\* Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems

CCSS	4 – Mastery	3 – Proficient	2 - Basic	1 – Below Basic	0 – No Evidence
Solve equations and inequalities (A.REI.3)	Can extend thinking beyond the standard, including tasks that may involve one of the following:	Solve linear equations and inequalities with rational numbers and variables on both sides, that requires distributing <u>and</u> combining like terms.	Solve linear equations and inequalities with rational numbers and variables on both sides, <u>that requires</u> <u>distributing or</u> <u>combining like terms.</u>	Solve linear equations and inequalities with rational numbers and variables on both sides.	Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve the problem
Explain steps to solving (A.REI.1)	<ul> <li>Designing</li> <li>Connecting</li> <li>Synthesizing</li> <li>Applying</li> <li>Justifying</li> <li>Critiquing</li> <li>Analyzing</li> <li>Creating</li> <li>Proving</li> </ul>	Explain each step in solving an equation using properties of equality and justify the solution <u>method</u>	Explain each step in solving an equation using properties of equality.	Identify/match properties of equality used for each step in solving an equation.	Does not meet the criteria in a level 1
Create equations and inequalities (A.CED.1*)		Create linear equations and inequalities with one variable and use them in a contextual situation and solve problems.	<u>Create</u> linear equations or inequalities with one variable and use them in a contextual situation and solve problems.	Identify linear equations or inequalities with one variable to represent a contextual situation and use them to solve problems.	

Solve equations and inequalities (2.1)

A.REI.3 Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters.

- A.REI.1 Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method.
- A.CED.1\* Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems

Rewrite literal equations (2.2)

ccss	4 – Mastery	3 – Proficient	2 - Basic	1 – Below Basic	0 – No Evidence
Solve and rewrite literal equations (A.REI.3, A.CED.4*)	Can extend thinking beyond the standard, including tasks that may involve one of the following: Designing Connecting Synthesizing Applying Justifying Critiquing Analyzing Creating Proving	Solve multi-step literal equations involving more than 2 variables <u>in</u> <u>contextual situations</u>	Solve multi-step literal equations involving <u>more than 2 variables</u>	Solve multi-step literal equations involving <u>2</u> <u>variables</u>	Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve the problem Does not meet the criteria in a level 1

A.REI.3 Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters.

A.CED.4\* Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations.

ccss	4 – Mastery	3 – Proficient	2 - Basic	1 – Below Basic	0 – No Evidence
Solve absolute value equations and inequalities (A.REI.3)	Can extend thinking beyond the standard, including tasks that may involve one of the following:	Solve absolute value equations and inequalities <u>(including</u> graph of inequality as part of solution)	Solve absolute value equations <u>and</u> inequalities	Solve absolute value equations <u>or</u> inequalities	Little evidence of reasoning or application to solve the problem Does not
Represent constraints and interpret solutions (A.CED.3*)	<ul> <li>Designing</li> <li>Connecting</li> <li>Synthesizing</li> <li>Applying</li> <li>Justifying</li> <li>Critiquing</li> <li>Analyzing</li> <li>Creating</li> <li>Proving</li> </ul>	Write the constraints for a contextual situation <u>Interpret solutions as</u> <u>viable or nonviable</u> <u>options</u> in context of the situation.	Write the constraints for a contextual situation Identify solutions <u>in</u> <u>context of the situation.</u>	Identify the constraints for a contextual situation Identify solutions	meet the criteria in a level 1

Solve absolute value equations and inequalities (2.3)

A.REI.3 Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters.

A.CED.3\* Represent constraints by equations or inequalities, and by systems of equations and/or inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or nonviable options in a modeling context.